# Funakoshi Shotokan Karate Association Tournament Rules

## **KUMITE:**

#### **Point System**

- 1. Most matches are two waza ari or one ippon.
- 2. Black belt adult finals are four waza ari or two ippon.
- If time is up before the necessary points are scored, the judges will make a decision based upon contact warnings, jogais, points, aggressiveness, size differences, and superiority
- 4. All warnings will carry over to extension matches.

#### **Length of Matches**

- 1. Most matches will be two minutes.
- 2. Black belt adult finals will be three minutes.
- 3. All extension matches shall be one minute. The first contestant to score in the extension match wins.
- 4. In the final match, judges must choose a winner by the end of the third extension match (if not before). In a 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> place match, a winner must me chosen by the end of the second extension match (if not before). A winner must be chosen after the first extension in any other match.

#### Target Areas

- 1. Entire head front, side, and back (light to no contact).
- 2. Front of body from chest to stomach.
- 3. Side of body from armpits to above hips.
- 4. Back of body entire back (except spine).

## Non-Contact Areas

- 1. Head, neck, throat, spine, groin, collarbone, knees.
- 2. No attacks below the belt, except sweeps to the ankles.

#### Restrictions

- 1. No pushing, throwing, or grabbing and pulling.
- ALL coaches, instructors, spectators, contestants and volunteers MUST control their actions. If behavior / words are deemed disrespectful or bothersome, the individual(s) involved may be asked to leave the tournament site.

#### **Contact**

- 1. Light warning = Keikoku (no point to opponent).
- 2. Moderate = Hansoku Chui (half point to opponent).
- 3. Excessive = Hansoku (disqualification).
- 4. Shikaku = Contestant must leave the tournament.
- 5. Any two keikokus equals a hansoku chui.
- In giving warnings, judges will consider excessiveness, size differences, face mask, and/or moving in or away from the target.

## **Criteria for One Point (ippon)**

- A technique delivered that would have rendered the opponent unconscious if it were not controlled. It combines quick acceleration and rhythm, perfect timing and distance, and incredible strength.
- When a technique is delivered to an opponent who does not attempt to block or move.
- 3. When a technique is delivered in instant before the opponent attacks.
- After a sweep when an effective technique is delivered before, or at the same instant, the opponent hits the floor.

## Criteria for Half Point (waza ari)

- When a technique is delivered that would have disabled an opponent if not controlled. It combines speed, power, form, balance and control.
- When an effective technique is delivered immediately after an opponent is swept to the floor.

#### **Equipment**

- 1. Mandatory: mouthpiece, knuckle pads, and cup (males).
- 2. Optional: face mask, chest protector, and shin or foot pads.
- Any questionable equipment must have the approval of the ring official or tournament director.

## Stepping Out of the Ring (jogai)

- 1. First time is jogai ikkai (no point awarded).
- 2. Second time is jogai nikai (no point awarded).
- 3. Third time is jogai sankai (half point to opponent).
- 4. Fourth time is jogai yonkai (half point to opponent).
- Judge will decide jogai warnings based on size, attempts to stay in the ring, slipping, etc...
- In black belt adult finals, after jogai yonkai, the judge will continue to award a half point to the opponent.

#### Officials

- Both the corner judge and the chief judge shall only have the power of one vote.
- 2. There must be at least three votes to determine a waza ari or ippon.
- 3. There must be at least two votes to determine a warning.
- Chief judges cannot wave down three flags unless corner judges change their minds after a judge's meeting or different judges see different techniques.
- At the end of a match, if the score is 0-1, the chief judge must still call for "hantei"

## KATA:

#### Katas

- 1. Color belts should perform lower level katas (Heians).
- 2. Brown belts should perform intermediate level katas.
- 3. Black belts should perform advanced level katas.

## Criteria for Points

- 1. Contestants must demonstrate courtesy by bowing respectfully to the chief judge before and after the kata.
- Katas should be performed with strong stances, correct timing and rhythm, focus, spirit (kiai), proper movements, and no hesitations.
- Contestants performing a basic kata well should receive a higher score than a contestant who performs the above criteria average or poorly with an advanced kata.
- Advanced katas require good basic and quick/fluid movements that are natural. If a contestant performs an advanced kata with only basic movements and mechanical rhythm, the kata will be judged as a basic kata.

# Non-influencing Factors

- 1. Applause or jeers from spectators.
- 2. Excessively long or extra kiais.
- 3. Gymnastic type movements.
- 4. Vibrating hands to simulate kime.
- Theatrics and over-acting.
- 6. Crowd favorites.
- 7. Students, family, or friends competing.

## **Scoring**

- 1. Of the five scores, the high and low will be taken out.
- 2. The three remaining scores are added to reach a total score.
- 3. In the event of a tie, the lowest score will be added.
- 4. If there is still a tie, the highest score will be added.
- If a tie remains, the intermediate and advanced contestants perform a different kata. Beginners perform the same kata.
- An average of 6.0 is used for beginners and intermediates, 6.5 for brown belts, and 7.0 for black belts.

## TEAM KATA AND KUMITE DIVISIONS:

#### Team Kata

 The criteria for the team kata will be based on the synchronization of the performers as well as the criteria for the individual kata requirements.

#### **Team Kumite**

- 1. All matches are Shobu Ippon.
- 2. The length of the matches is two minutes.
- 3. If a match ends in a draw, there will be no extensions.
- The winning team is decided by the most matches won, not by the number of waza ari accumulated.
- 5. After all team members have competed, in the event of a team tie, the team will decide who goes up to break the tie (the same person cannot go up again if the tiebreak match is a draw). This is a new match, not an extension match; therefore, all previous warnings do not carry over as in individual extension matches.
- 6. In the finals, a winner must be chosen by the end of the third tiebreak match (if not before). In deciding 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup>, a winner must be chosen by the end of the second extension match (if not before). In any other match, a winner must be chosen after the first tiebreak match.
- 7. If not mutually agreed upon, to determine the order of contestants, the chief judge will flip a coin. The team winning the toss decides which team sends a contestant up first. The other team then sends someone up to compete. During the next round, the other team sends someone up first.